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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
09/987,104	11/13/2001	Igor Katz	KATZ10	6460
1444 75	90 · 11/30/2004		EXAMINER	
BROWDY AND NEIMARK, P.L.L.C.			AVELLINO, JOSEPH E	
624 NINTH STREET, NW SUITE 300			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
WASHINGTON, DC 20001-5303			2143	

DATE MAILED: 11/30/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)	Applicant(s)			
	Office Action Summary	09/987,104	KATZ ET AL.				
		Examiner	Art Unit	:			
	·	Joseph E. Avellino	2143				
 Period for	The MAILING DATE of this communication app Reply	ears on the cover she	et with the correspondence a	ddress			
THE M - Extens after S - If the p - If NO p - Failure Any re	PRTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. ions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 IX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. eriod for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply eriod for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period we to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, ply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	6(a). In no event, however, m within the statutory minimum ill apply and will expire SIX (6) cause the application to becor	ay a reply be timely filed of thirty (30) days will be considered time MONTHS from the mailing date of this ne ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status							
1)⊠ F	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 13 No.	ovember 2001.					
2a) ☐ ☐	☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ This action is non-final.						
•	Since this application is in condition for allowan closed in accordance with the practice under <i>E</i>	·	·	e merits is			
Dispositio	on of Claims						
4) 🖂 (Claim(s) <u>1-6</u> is/are pending in the application.						
•	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) 🗌 (Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ (⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-6</u> is/are rejected.						
•	Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) 🗌 (Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement					
Application	on Papers						
9) 🔲 T	he specification is objected to by the Examine	r.					
10)⊠ T	D)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>13 November 2004</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected to by the Examiner.						
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the o						
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction he oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex						
Priority u	nder 35 U.S.C. § 119			;			
	cknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 U.S	.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).				
a)[∑	∄All b) Some * c) None of:			•			
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents			:			
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents			:			
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bureau		een received in this Nationa	il Stage			
. * S	ee the attached detailed Office action for a list	of the certified copies	not received.	:			
	: :						
Attachment(_		•			
	of References Cited (PTO-892) of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)		riew Summary (PTO-413) r No(s)/Mail Date				
3) 🖾 Inform	ation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) No(s)/Mail Date 02/13/02, 07/16/02.	5) 🔲 Notic	e of Informal Patent Application (P	ГО-152)			

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DETAILED ACTION

Claims 1-6 are pending in this examination; claim 1 independent. 1.

Priority

2. : Receipt is acknowledged of papers submitted under 35 U.S.C. 119(a)-(d), which papers have been placed of record in the file.

Information Disclosure Statement

3. The information disclosure statements (IDS) submitted on February 13, 2002 and July 16, 2002 have been considered by the examiner. See enclosed PTO-1449 papers.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 4. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112: The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- Claims 2-4 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being 5. indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.
- 6. Claims 2 and 3 recite the limitation "wherein step (e) includes" and "wherein step (c) includes" respectively, however there is no step e or c involved. Correction is required.
- Claim 4 recites a step (f), however there is no steps a-e. Correction is required. 7. :

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

8. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

Claims 1, and 3- 6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Falls et al. (USPN 5,991,771) (hereinafter Falls).

9. Referring to claim 1, Falls discloses a distributed system including a server managing a master volume of data including at least a plurality of at least one static attribute and at least one dynamic attribute whose prevailing values in the master volume of data are respectively updated and not updated as a consequence of a command from a client, and at least two clients C1 and C2 each managing a volume of data intended to mirror the master volume of data, a method for data mirroring restoration at a client freshly reconnected to the server after a communication downtime period, the method comprising the steps of:

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storing prevailing values of dynamic attributes of the master volume of data in temporary storage at the server (i.e. current PTID) (col. 15, lines 49-54);

storing prevailing values of static attributes of the master volume of data in persistent storage at the server (i.e. change updates) (col. 15, lines 49-54);

providing the server with a master synchronization counter V_s incremented by the updating of the prevailing values of one or more static attributes in the master volume of data as a consequence of a command from a first client C1 of the at least two clients (i.e. PTID of the first server) (col. 14, line 45 to col. 15, line 12);

providing each client with a synchronization counter V_c (i.e. the PTID of the other servers), the synchronization counter V_{c2} of a second client C2 of the at last two clients only being synchronized with the master synchronization counter V_s on the successful uploading of the prevailing values of the static attributes updated in the master volume of data as a consequence of the command from the first client C1 whereby its volume of data mirrors the master volume of data (i.e. when requested by a user) (col. 16, lines 24-34; col. 17, lines 1-37);

uploading from the master volume of data to the freshly reconnected client's volume of data the prevailing values of all its dynamic attributes (i.e. updated PTID) and, in the case that the synchronization counter $V_{C2} < V_S$, the prevailing values of at least all of its static attributes whose prevailing values were updating during the communication downtime period, otherwise in the case that $V_S = V_{C2}$, taking no data mirroring restoration action in respect of the static attributes (A has the last PTID of 50:14, whereas B has the PTID of 50:10, therefore A will transmit the updates of 50:11 to

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50:14, and therefore will have a PTID of 50:14 as well as all updates corresponding up to that point, whereas the PTID of both A and B is 150:13, therefore no data mirroring occurs, since no updating has been done since the last updating) (col. 17, lines 1-37).

- 10. Referring to claim 3, Falls discloses providing the server with a transaction log (i.e. update log or update stream) for listing up to N data object identifiers of data objects containing at least one static attribute on a FIFO basis (updates are transmitted 50:11 up to 50:14, thereby the oldest is updated first) in respect of the updating of the prevailing values of one or more of their static attributes, and uploading from the master volume of data to the freshly reconnected client's volume of data the prevailing values of all the static attributes of the last V_{S} - V_{C2} data objects listed in the transaction log in the case that V_{S} - V_{C2} <= N (i.e. only updates 50:11-50:14 are transmitted, not 50:1-50:10, since the server has already received those updates) (col. 17, lines 1-27).
- 11. Referring to claim 4, Falls discloses when the transaction log is full, deleting an earlier listing of a data object therefrom, if it exists, on adding the same data object thereto, whereby the transaction log (i.e. replica managers 46) contains at most only a single listing of a data object (i.e. PTID), if at all (i.e. the replica manager keeps the last transaction number for each PTID)(col. 20, lines 42-59).

12.: Claims 5 and 6 are rejected for similar reasons as stated above. Since claims 5 and 6 are multiple dependent claims, they have been treated as depending upon claim 1.

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Claims 1-3, and 5-6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Birkler et al. (USPN 6,516,314) (hereinafter Birkler).

13.1 Referring to claim 1, Birkler discloses a distributed system including a server managing a master volume of data including at least a plurality of at least one static attribute and at least one dynamic attribute whose prevailing values in the master volume of data are respectively updated and not updated as a consequence of a command from a client, and at least two clients C1 and C2 each managing a volume of data intended to mirror the master volume of data, a method for data mirroring restoration at a client freshly reconnected to the server after a communication downtime period, the method comprising the steps of:

storing prevailing values of dynamic attributes of the master volume of data in temporary storage at the server (i.e. change counter) (e.g. abstract);

storing prevailing values of static attributes of the master volume of data in persistent storage at the server (i.e. change updates) (col. 2, lines 30-49);

providing the server with a master synchronization counter V_s incremented by the updating of the prevailing values of one or more static attributes in the master volume of

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data as a consequence of a command from a first client C1 of the at least two clients (i.e. change counter stored in first database) (e.g. abstract);

providing each client with a synchronization counter V_c (i.e. the change counter stored at other devices), the synchronization counter V_{c2} of a second client C2 of the at last two clients only being synchronized with the master synchronization counter V_s on the successful uploading of the prevailing values of the static attributes updated in the master volume of data as a consequence of the command from the first client C1 whereby its volume of data mirrors the master volume of data (i.e. when requested by a second database) (e.g. abstract; Figures 1-3D, ref. 30, 540-570);

uploading from the master volume of data to the freshly reconnected client's volume of data the prevailing values of all its dynamic attributes (i.e. updated change counter) and, in the case that the synchronization counter $V_{\rm C2} < V_{\rm S}$, the prevailing values of at least all of its static attributes whose prevailing values were updating during the communication downtime period, otherwise in the case that $V_{\rm S} = V_{\rm C2}$, taking no data mirroring restoration action in respect of the static attributes (submitting entities of the change log occurring after the submitted change counter) (col. 2, line 45 to col. 3, line 13).

14. Referring to claim 2, Birkler discloses uploading the prevailing values of all the static attributes from the master volume to the client volume in the case that the counters $V_{c2} < V_s$ (i.e. slow sync) (Figures 3B-3D, ref. 360, 480; and related portions of the disclosure).

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1.

Referring to claim 3, Birkler discloses providing the server with a transaction log (i.e. change log) for listing up to N data object identifiers of data objects containing at least one static attribute on a FIFO basis (i.e. oldest entries of the change log are sent first) in respect of the updating of the prevailing values of one or more of their static attributes, and uploading from the master volume of data to the freshly reconnected client's volume of data the prevailing values of all the static attributes of the last V_S-V_{C2} data objects listed in the transaction log in the case that $V_S-V_{C2} \le N$ (col. 3, lines 1-13).

16. Claims 5 and 6 are rejected for similar reasons as stated above. Since claims 5 and 6 are multiple dependent claims, they have been treated as depending upon claim

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 17. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 18. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation

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under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Claim 2 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Falls in view of Birkler.

19. Referring to claim 2, Falls discloses the invention substantively as disclosed in claim 1. Falls does not disclose uploading all static values from the master volume of data when the synchronization counter is V_{C2}< V_S. In analogous art, Birkler discloses another method to update a mirror database wherein all static values from the master volume of data when the synchronization counter is V_{C2}< V_S (Figures 3B-3D, ref. 360, 480; and related portions of the disclosure). It would be obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teaching of Falls with Birkler since Falls discloses that a multitude of mobile computers can be connected with the invention such as PDA's, laptops, and palmtops (col. 3, lines 35-45). This would lead one of ordinary skill to search for other computer devices with which would benefit from synchronizing databases with each other, Eventually finding the system of Birkler which discloses being able to synchronize with pagers and car cradles (col. 4, lines 21-38).

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Claim 4 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Birkler in view of Falls.

20. Referring to claim 4, Birkler discloses the invention substantively as disclosed in claim 3. Birkler furthermore discloses that the transaction log can be a fixed size, pushing out older changes as new ones are added (col. 5, lines 5-10), however does not disclose only one listing of a data object. In analogous art, Falls discloses another method of updating a mirror database wherein the transaction log (i.e. replica managers 46) have the last transaction (i.e. last transaction per PTID) that has been committed (col. 20, lines 43-54). It would be obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teaching of Falls with Birkler since Birkler discloses that the updating method is not limited in direction and can be performed in either direction (col. 6, lines 20-33). This would lead one of ordinary skill in the art to search for other methods of database updating which allow bi-directional updating, and would eventually lead to Falls with its bi-directional database updating system (e.g. abstract; col. 17, lines 1-28).

Conclusion

- 21. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.
- 22. Mosher, Jr. et al. (USPN 6,785,696) discloses replication of distributed databases that span multiple primary nodes.

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23. Tavares et al. (USPN 5,307,487) disclose database synchronization with consistency determined by entry and exit counters used on both update and retrieval.

- 24. Draper et al. (USPN 5,924,096) discloses distributed database indexed into tags to track events according to type, update cache, create virtual update log on demand.
- 25. Boothby et al. (USPN 6,30,568) discloses synchronization of databases.
- 26. Alley et al. (USPN 5,710,922) discloses synchronization and archiving information between computer systems.
- 27. Bodnar et al. (USPN 6,295,541) discloses synchronizing two or more datasets.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Joseph E. Avellino whose telephone number is (571) 272-3905. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 7:00-4:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, David A. Wiley can be reached on (571) 272-3923. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

JEA November 18, 2004

> BUNJOB JARÓENCHONWANTT PRIMARY EXAMINER